Study of 2-Chloro-4-fluoroanisole by two-color resonant two-photon mass-analyzed threshold ionization spectroscopy (IAMS, Academia Sinica, Taiwan^a) <u>Yu-Che Sun</u>^a(sirjackmatt@gmail.com), Wen-Bih Tzeng^a(wbt@sinica.edu.tw)

We applied the resonant two-photon ionization (R2PI) and mass-analyzed threshold ionization (MATI) spectroscopic techniques to record the vibronic and cation spectra of 2-chloro-4-fluoroanisole (2C4FAN). The band origin of the $S_1 \leftarrow S_0$ electronic transition of 2C4FAN was found at 34 621 ± 2 cm⁻¹ and the adiabatic ionization energy was determined to be 67 204 ± 5 cm⁻¹. These spectra provide information about the active vibrations of this molecule in the electronically excited S_1 state and cationic ground D_0 state. Comparing these experimental data of 2C4FAN with those of o-chloroanisole, p-fluoroanisole, and anisole, we can learn the effect of the nature and the location on the ring of substituents on transition energy and molecular vibration.