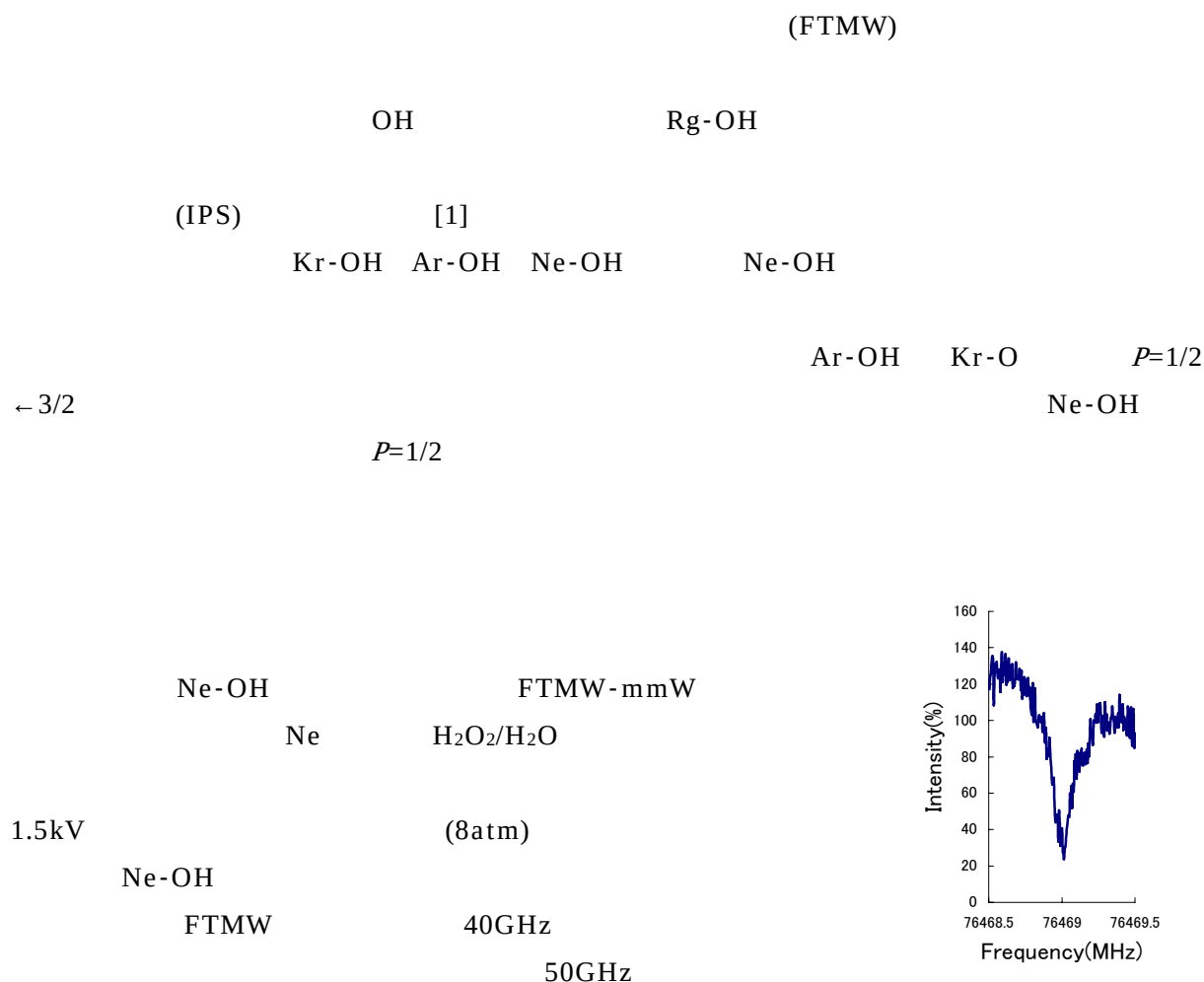


Ne - OH $P=1/2$

Ippei Funahara, Kazuya Sato, Yoshihiro Sumiyoshi, and Yasuki Endo
 Department of Basic Science, Graduate School of Arts and Sciences,
 The University of Tokyo

Abstract

So far, pure rotational spectra of Rg-OH (Rg:Ne, Ar, Kr) have been studied by Fourier transform microwave spectroscopy. In the present study, vibrational transitions ($P=1/2 \leftarrow 3/2$) of Ne-OH were observed by a double-resonance technique using a Fourier transform microwave spectrometer. A three dimensional intermolecular energy surface was determined.



FTMW-mmW

()

Ne-OH $P=1/2 \leftarrow 3/2$

$\{(J=3/2 \leftarrow 5/2, F=1 \leftarrow 2), (J=3/2 \leftarrow$

$5/2, F=2 \leftarrow 3), (J=5/2 \leftarrow 7/2, F=2 \leftarrow 3), (J=5/2 \leftarrow 7/2, F=3 \leftarrow 4), (J=7/2 \leftarrow 9/2, F=3 \leftarrow 4), (J=7/2 \leftarrow 9/2, F=4 \leftarrow 5)\}$

Ne-OH Ne-OD

3

35kHz

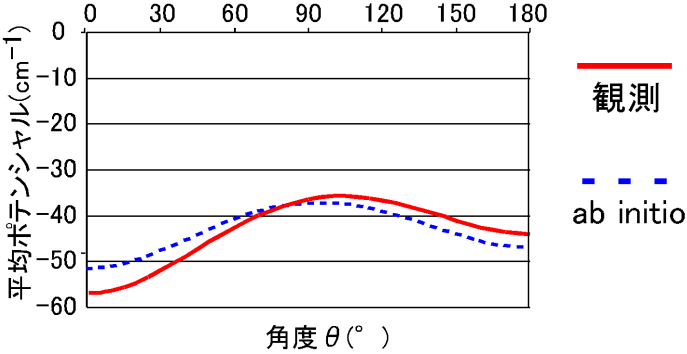
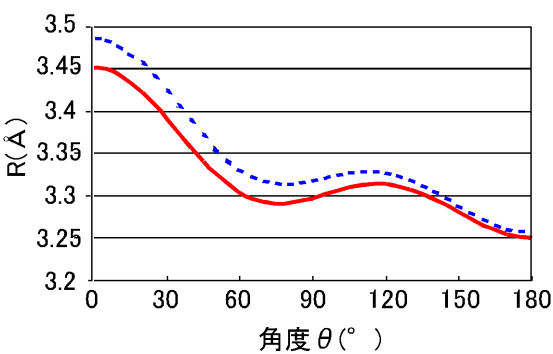
IPS

IPS

r OH

R

ab initio



R

Ne-OH Ar Kr

IPS

Ne-OH OH

Ne-OH

r

() Ne-OH

$\theta = 0^\circ \quad 30^\circ$

$r = r_e$

0.1

$\theta = 60^\circ$

$r = r_e + 0.1$

Ar Kr

FTMW-mmW

Ne-OD

